

CROSSROADS GPS
NATIONAL SURVEY OF REGISTERED VOTERS
REGARDING HEALTH CARE

JUNE 2-5, 2013

Hello, this is ____ with Survey Sampling, a national public opinion research company. We're talking with people in your area today about some health care issues. We are not trying to sell anything, your answers are completely confidential, and we would really appreciate your cooperation (DO NOT PAUSE).

FOR CELL PHONE SAMPLE:

CELL 1. Have I reached you on a cell phone?

YES GO TO QUESTION CELL 2
NO THANK AND TERMINATE

CELL 2. Are you in a place right now where you can safely take the survey?

YES GO TO QUESTION A
NO SCHEDULE CALLBACK
NOT WILLING TO TAKE SURVEY THANK AND TERMINATE
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED SCHEDULE CALLBACK OR TERM

A. Are you registered to vote in the county in which you live?

YES GO TO QUESTION C
NO GO TO QUESTION B

B. Is there anyone else in your household who is registered to vote in your county?

YES May I speak with that person please? GO TO INTRO
NO THANK AND CLOSE

C. In politics today, do you normally think of yourself as (ROTATE: a Republican, an independent, or a Democrat)?

IF "REPUBLICAN" OR "DEMOCRAT", ASK: Would you consider yourself a strong or a not-so-strong Republican/Democrat?	STRONG REPUBLICAN18% NOT-SO-STRONG REPUBLICAN8% IND LEAN REPUBLICAN8% INDEPENDENT/NO PREF17%
IF "INDEPENDENT," ASK: Do you think of yourself as closer to the (ROTATE: Republican or Democratic Party)?	IND LEAN DEMOCRAT9% NOT-SO-STRONG DEMOCRAT11% STRONG DEMOCRAT23% REFUSED5%

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

ALL results are based on 1000 respondents, with a margin of error of plus-or-minus 3.10 percent.

REP results are based on 264 Republican respondents (MoE +/- 6.03 percent). IND results are based on 343 independent respondents (MoE +/- 5.29 percent). DEM results are based on 340 Democratic respondents (MoE +/- 5.31 percent).

General Attitudes Toward Health Care in America

1. Do you currently have health insurance coverage? IF YES, ASK: Are you covered through a government program like Medicare or Medicaid, through employer-provided health insurance, or do you pay for your health insurance yourself?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES/GOVERNMENT PROGRAM.....	25%	21%	22%	31%
YES/EMPLOYER-PROVIDED.....	46%	51%	45%	44%
YES/PAY FOR INDIVIDUALLY.....	17%	19%	20%	11%
NO, NOT COVERED	12%	8%	12%	14%
DON'T KNOW	1%	0%	1%	1%

2. In general, do you view health care as a right guaranteed to all citizens by the federal government, or is it something that citizens should be primarily responsible for providing for themselves?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
RIGHT GUARANTEED BY GOVT	39%	15%	36%	61%
CITIZENS RESPONSIBLE	49%	77%	50%	26%
DON'T KNOW	13%	8%	15%	13%

Attitudes Toward Health Care Reform Law

3. Do you support or oppose the health care reform law that passed in 2010, also known as the Affordable Care Act or ObamaCare? (IF SUPPORT/OPPOSE, ASK: Would that be strongly (SUPPORT/OPPOSE) or just somewhat (SUPPORT/OPPOSE)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
STRONGLY SUPPORT	25%	4%	17%	51%
SOMEWHAT SUPPORT	17%	5%	21%	23%
SOMEWHAT OPPOSE	11%	13%	12%	8%
STRONGLY OPPOSE	36%	73%	36%	7%
DON'T KNOW	11%	5%	14%	10%
<i>COLLAPSED</i> SUPPORT	42%	9%	38%	74%
OPPOSE	47%	86%	48%	15%
DON'T KNOW	11%	5%	14%	10%

4. When you think about that health care reform law, what one word comes to your mind first?

5. Regardless of your overall view of the health care reform law, could you tell me something that you like most about it, that should be kept regardless of what changes occur to the law over the next few years? (PROBE FOR SPECIFICS)

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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6. Regardless of your overall view of the health care reform law, could you tell me something that you dislike most about it, that should be changed regardless of how much of the law remains in place over the next few years? (PROBE FOR SPECIFICS)

ASK Q. 7 ONLY OF REPUBLICANS AND INDEPENDENTS (PUNCHES 1-5 ON Q. C)

7. Which of the following comes closest to your view about the health care law known as the Affordable Care Act or ObamaCare: (ROTATE)

- a. As long as President Obama is in office, Republicans should concentrate on making changes to the law that can pass a Democratic Senate and get signed. Trying to repeal the law right now is a waste of time since President Obama will veto any repeal of his signature law.
- b. Republicans should keep trying to repeal the law even though Democrats and President Obama will block it. Any small changes that are enacted now will only legitimize the law and make it harder to repeal later.

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>
MAKE CHANGES.....	46%	39%	51%
FULL REPEAL.....	43%	53%	36%
DON'T KNOW.....	11%	8%	13%

Note: Results based on 264 Republicans and 343 independents.

8. Which of the following do you think should be the top priority for health care in America today (ROTATE: improving the quality of health care, making health care more affordable, or covering the uninsured)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
IMPROVING QUALITY.....	19%	24%	20%	14%
MAKING HEALTH CARE MORE AFFORDABLE.....	62%	64%	61%	63%
COVERING UNINSURED.....	14%	6%	12%	22%
DON'T KNOW.....	5%	6%	7%	1%

9. Thinking specifically about that top priority, would you say the health care reform law passed in 2010 (ROTATE: helps achieve that priority, makes things worse) or has no effect on that priority?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
HELPS ACHIEVE.....	27%	8%	27%	43%
MAKES THINGS WORSE.....	38%	64%	41%	14%
HAS NO EFFECT.....	22%	18%	20%	28%
DON'T KNOW (VOLUNTEERED).....	13%	10%	12%	14%

Note: Results based on 947 respondents who name a top priority in question 8.

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10. Do you think the health care reform law will help, hurt, or have no effect on Medicare, the health insurance program for seniors?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
HELP	21%	8%	18%	36%
HURT	41%	67%	42%	20%
NO EFFECT	21%	11%	23%	26%
DON'T KNOW	17%	14%	16%	18%

SPLIT SAMPLE Q11A AND Q11B

11a. In general, which would you trust more to make decisions about your health care coverage: (ROTATE: private insurance companies or the federal government)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
PRIVATE COMPANIES	44%	68%	51%	22%
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	36%	12%	29%	60%
DON'T KNOW	20%	20%	20%	18%

11b. In general, which would you trust more to make decisions about your health care coverage: (ROTATE: private insurance companies or federal bureaucrats)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
PRIVATE COMPANIES	44%	73%	42%	21%
FEDERAL BUREAUCRATS	28%	8%	26%	53%
DON'T KNOW	28%	19%	33%	26%

Note: Results for question 11a and question 11b are each based on 500 respondents.

12. Under the new health care law, the Internal Revenue Service is responsible for enforcing the mandate to carry health insurance, fining people who don't carry insurance, and determining eligibility for subsidies. Does knowing the IRS' role in the health care law make you more likely to support the law, less likely to support the law, or does it have no effect on your support of the law? (IF LESS LIKELY, ASK: Would that be much less likely or just somewhat less likely?)

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
MORE LIKELY	11%	6%	10%	15%
SOMEWHAT LESS LIKELY	10%	7%	11%	11%
MUCH LESS LIKELY	31%	53%	34%	11%
NO EFFECT	43%	28%	41%	56%
DON'T KNOW	6%	5%	4%	7%

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13. How much trust do you have in the IRS managing a database that includes your personal tax and health information and keeping your information private: a great deal, some, not much, or none at all?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
GREAT DEAL	16%	11%	15%	24%
SOME	23%	12%	24%	31%
NOT MUCH	17%	17%	15%	20%
NONE AT ALL	41%	59%	44%	21%
DON'T KNOW	3%	1%	2%	4%

14. Which of the following comes closest to your view about how the health care law passed in 2010 will affect job creation in this country: (ROTATE)

- a. The health care law will help job creation, because companies can hire more workers knowing that there is subsidized health care available, and workers can keep their coverage if they change jobs.
- b. The health care law will hurt job creation, because the mandate to provide coverage or pay fines for all companies with 50 or more full-time employees will make companies delay hiring decisions or cut the hours for workers in order to avoid this new cost.

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
HELP JOB CREATION	36%	14%	32%	60%
HURT JOB CREATION	55%	81%	59%	29%
DON'T KNOW	9%	5%	8%	11%

As you may know, the health care reform law states that older or sicker people cannot be charged more than three times the amount of insurance premiums that younger, healthier people pay. How likely do you think each of the following outcomes are as a result of that rule: very likely, somewhat likely, or not too likely? (ROTATE)

		<i>VERY LIKELY</i>	<i>SOMEWHAT LIKELY</i>	<i>NOT TOO LIKELY</i>	<i>DON'T KNOW</i>
15. Health insurance costs for younger people will increase to make up for the limits on older people.	<i>ALL</i>	41%	31%	23%	5%
	<i>REP</i>	58%	25%	14%	3%
	<i>IND</i>	43%	32%	19%	7%
	<i>DEM</i>	25%	36%	34%	5%
16. Younger people will decide health insurance is too expensive and choose to pay the penalty for not carrying coverage.	<i>ALL</i>	39%	31%	25%	5%
	<i>REP</i>	45%	31%	19%	5%
	<i>IND</i>	44%	31%	19%	6%
	<i>DEM</i>	29%	31%	35%	4%
17. The provision will not reduce premiums for people with chronic illnesses, but instead will lead to higher premiums for healthy people.	<i>ALL</i>	39%	33%	23%	5%
	<i>REP</i>	58%	26%	14%	3%
	<i>IND</i>	42%	34%	20%	4%
	<i>DEM</i>	20%	39%	35%	6%

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18. Which of the following comes closest to your view about the health care law passed in 2010: (ROTATE)
- We should require that all health insurance policies be comprehensive, covering routine doctor visits and medicines, even though those policies have higher premiums. People do not know what health care needs they will have, and all Americans deserve this level of coverage.
 - We should allow Americans the flexibility and freedom to buy insurance policies they can afford, even if those policies have more limited coverage. Some people may want just catastrophic coverage for major illnesses and hospital stays, but not for routine doctor visits or medicines.

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
ALL POLICIES COMPREHENSIVE	32%	20%	33%	41%
ALLOW LESS EXPENSIVE POLICIES	61%	74%	61%	51%
DON'T KNOW	7%	6%	6%	8%

Changes to the Health Care Law

Now I would like to ask you about several proposals some people have made to reform health care. For each of the following, please tell me if you support or oppose that proposal: (RANDOMIZE Q19-22)

	<i>SUPPORT</i>	<i>OPPOSE</i>	<i>DON'T KNOW</i>
Insurance Reforms			
19. Allow people to purchase health insurance across state lines to increase the number of options in the marketplace.	<i>ALL</i> 78%	18%	5%
	<i>REP</i> 77%	18%	5%
	<i>IND</i> 85%	13%	2%
	<i>DEM</i> 73%	22%	6%
20. Allow people to purchase health insurance coverage with pre-tax dollars, so that they can have an insurance policy they own themselves, and can keep if they change jobs.	<i>ALL</i> 82%	13%	5%
	<i>REP</i> 82%	15%	3%
	<i>IND</i> 84%	12%	4%
	<i>DEM</i> 79%	14%	7%
HSAs			
21. Expand health savings accounts that allow people to save money tax-free for use on out-of-pocket medical expenses.	<i>ALL</i> 81%	15%	4%
	<i>REP</i> 85%	12%	3%
	<i>IND</i> 80%	17%	3%
	<i>DEM</i> 80%	16%	5%
Expanding Choice			
22. Allow seniors to use their Medicare money to buy private health policies that cover major expenses but not routine care instead of using traditional Medicare.	<i>ALL</i> 54%	38%	8%
	<i>REP</i> 69%	22%	9%
	<i>IND</i> 53%	38%	9%
	<i>DEM</i> 44%	51%	6%

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Now I would like to ask you about several proposals specifically to change the health care law passed in 2010. For each of the following, please tell me if you support or oppose that proposal: (RANDOMIZE Q23-27, ASKING Q28 LAST)

	<i>SUPPORT</i>	<i>OPPOSE</i>	<i>DON'T KNOW</i>	
ObamaCare Reform				
23. Eliminate the upper cap on premiums so that younger people can pay less and are not forced to subsidize health care for older and less healthy Americans.	<i>ALL</i>	61%	31%	8%
	<i>REP</i>	72%	20%	9%
	<i>IND</i>	62%	31%	7%
	<i>DEM</i>	55%	38%	6%
24. Eliminate the penalties on businesses with 50 or more employees, which are causing companies to consider cutting back hours and new hires to reduce the number of full-time employees.	<i>ALL</i>	52%	43%	5%
	<i>REP</i>	68%	29%	3%
	<i>IND</i>	53%	41%	6%
	<i>DEM</i>	40%	56%	4%
25. Allow the new health insurance exchanges to sell cheaper catastrophic coverage policies that cover major expenses but not routine care making them more affordable for young and lower income people.	<i>ALL</i>	74%	22%	4%
	<i>REP</i>	76%	19%	5%
	<i>IND</i>	73%	22%	5%
	<i>DEM</i>	73%	25%	2%
26. Eliminate the new tax on medical devices like pacemakers, MRIs, and ultrasound machines to lower costs and help American manufacturing.	<i>ALL</i>	69%	26%	5%
	<i>REP</i>	75%	20%	4%
	<i>IND</i>	70%	26%	4%
	<i>DEM</i>	64%	31%	6%
27. Eliminate the Independent Payment Advisory Board, an unelected board of fifteen bureaucrats who can cut payments for medical procedures if they determine that Medicare is spending too much money.	<i>ALL</i>	42%	48%	10%
	<i>REP</i>	48%	44%	9%
	<i>IND</i>	44%	46%	10%
	<i>DEM</i>	35%	56%	9%
28. Repeal all of the Affordable Care Act, or ObamaCare, and start health care reform over from scratch.	<i>ALL</i>	54%	41%	5%
	<i>REP</i>	83%	15%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	52%	43%	5%
	<i>DEM</i>	33%	61%	6%

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Now I would like to read you a list of possible outcomes when the health care reform law passed in 2010 is implemented next year. For each of the following, please tell me if that outcome concerns you a great deal, somewhat, not too much, or not at all: (ROTATE)

		<i>GREAT DEAL</i>	<i>SOMEWHAT</i>	<i>NOT TOO MUCH</i>	<i>NOT AT ALL</i>	<i>DON'T KNOW</i>
29. The Independent Payment Advisory Board will make automatic cuts to Medicare reimbursement rates that will lead to reduced services for seniors or cause doctors to stop accepting Medicare entirely.	<i>ALL</i>	52%	23%	9%	14%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	64%	19%	5%	10%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	51%	24%	11%	13%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	43%	26%	10%	18%	3%
30. Younger people will drop their coverage and choose to pay the penalty for not having coverage, which will lead to higher premiums for everyone else.	<i>ALL</i>	40%	30%	11%	16%	3%
	<i>REP</i>	50%	30%	8%	11%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	36%	34%	13%	14%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	35%	30%	10%	21%	4%
31. Health care costs, premiums and co-pays will go up because of new regulations and taxes.	<i>ALL</i>	55%	23%	8%	13%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	76%	14%	3%	6%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	56%	22%	8%	11%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	35%	32%	10%	20%	2%
32. Taxes that are charged to health insurance companies will be passed along to consumers in the form of higher premiums and co-pays.	<i>ALL</i>	54%	24%	9%	12%	1%
	<i>REP</i>	73%	14%	6%	6%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	52%	27%	10%	9%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	38%	31%	11%	18%	1%
33. Taxes on drug companies will reduce incentives to conduct life-saving research.	<i>ALL</i>	38%	30%	12%	18%	3%
	<i>REP</i>	50%	28%	9%	11%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	38%	30%	12%	17%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	27%	33%	13%	25%	3%
34. Taxes on medical devices like pacemakers will increase the cost to consumers for products that improve their quality of life.	<i>ALL</i>	41%	31%	11%	14%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	52%	28%	8%	11%	1%
	<i>IND</i>	39%	35%	10%	14%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	33%	33%	15%	17%	2%
SPLIT SAMPLE Q35A AND Q35B						
35a. Millions of Americans will be dropped from their employer health insurance plans because of the new law and will be forced into government-run insurance pools.	<i>ALL</i>	49%	21%	10%	16%	4%
	<i>REP</i>	69%	20%	5%	4%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	51%	18%	10%	17%	4%
	<i>DEM</i>	32%	27%	13%	24%	4%
35b. As health insurance becomes more expensive employers will choose to pay a penalty instead of providing private insurance, and people will be forced into Medicaid coverage.	<i>ALL</i>	44%	28%	10%	15%	3%
	<i>REP</i>	64%	19%	3%	11%	3%
	<i>IND</i>	45%	28%	11%	14%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	24%	38%	16%	19%	3%

Note: Results for question 35a and question 35b are each based on 500 respondents.

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Now I would like to read you a list of criticisms that people have made regarding the health care reform law passed in 2010. For each of the following, please tell me if that criticism concerns you a great deal, somewhat, not too much, or not at all: (ROTATE)

		<i>GREAT DEAL</i>	<i>SOMEWHAT</i>	<i>NOT TOO MUCH</i>	<i>NOT AT ALL</i>	<i>DON'T KNOW</i>
36. The CEO of Starbucks says the health care law is going to have unintended consequences for small businesses that may have a negative effect on the economy.	<i>ALL</i>	47%	26%	11%	14%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	71%	22%	4%	3%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	48%	25%	10%	16%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	26%	31%	18%	21%	4%
37. The U.S. Chamber of Commerce found that 71 percent of small businesses say the health care law will make it more difficult for them to hire new employees.	<i>ALL</i>	51%	24%	9%	15%	1%
	<i>REP</i>	78%	16%	2%	5%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	50%	22%	10%	17%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	30%	31%	14%	23%	2%
38. The largest health insurance plan in the state of Maryland requested a 25 percent increase in rates, due in part to changes required by the health care law, including larger premium increases on young people.	<i>ALL</i>	44%	29%	10%	15%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	63%	25%	4%	6%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	44%	29%	11%	15%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	29%	34%	12%	22%	2%
39. The Congressional Budget Office says that up to 20 million Americans could lose their employer-provided health insurance because of the health care law changes.	<i>ALL</i>	54%	23%	9%	14%	1%
	<i>REP</i>	73%	15%	3%	8%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	55%	22%	8%	14%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	36%	31%	12%	19%	1%
40. The Federal Reserve said that employers in several districts around the country have cited the unknown effects of the health care law as reasons for planned layoffs and not hiring additional staff.	<i>ALL</i>	48%	24%	11%	15%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	69%	20%	4%	5%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	44%	26%	13%	15%	2%
	<i>DEM</i>	35%	26%	13%	23%	2%
41. Premiums are expected to increase especially for men because the health care law prohibits charging men and women different rates, with the rates for young, healthy men nearly tripling.	<i>ALL</i>	49%	23%	10%	16%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	67%	18%	6%	8%	1%
	<i>IND</i>	48%	25%	10%	15%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	35%	26%	14%	23%	2%
42. Senator Max Baucus, who helped write the health care law, says the implementation of the law is headed for a huge train wreck.	<i>ALL</i>	45%	20%	10%	22%	3%
	<i>REP</i>	68%	14%	3%	12%	2%
	<i>IND</i>	43%	21%	13%	21%	3%
	<i>DEM</i>	27%	24%	14%	31%	4%
43. Health insurance providers estimate that the health care law's new requirements will cause premium increases between 20 and 100 percent for individuals and families with coverage.	<i>ALL</i>	56%	21%	8%	14%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	77%	15%	3%	5%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	53%	24%	8%	15%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	41%	24%	13%	21%	2%

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		<i>GREAT DEAL</i>	<i>SOMEWHAT</i>	<i>NOT TOO MUCH</i>	<i>NOT AT ALL</i>	<i>DON'T KNOW</i>
44. Even though President Obama promised the health care law would reduce costs, his Secretary of Health and Human Services admitted that premiums may increase.	<i>ALL</i>	54%	20%	10%	14%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	80%	10%	3%	7%	0%
	<i>IND</i>	52%	22%	12%	13%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	34%	28%	14%	21%	2%
45. The Congressional Budget Office estimated that 10 years after the new health care law is implemented, there will still be 30 million Americans without health insurance.	<i>ALL</i>	47%	29%	9%	14%	2%
	<i>REP</i>	55%	30%	4%	10%	1%
	<i>IND</i>	44%	29%	10%	16%	1%
	<i>DEM</i>	43%	30%	10%	16%	2%

ASK Q. 46 ONLY OF OPPONENTS OF THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT (PUNCH 3 OR 4 IN Q.3)

46. Which of the following comes closest to your view about the best way to stop ObamaCare from harming the health care system: (ROTATE)

- Opponents of the law should not try to fix the worst parts of ObamaCare now, but wait until they are in a position to repeal the entire law at once. Dismantling it piece-by-piece will only improve ObamaCare and reduce the pressure to get rid of the law entirely.
- Opponents of the law should force action to dismantle the worst parts of ObamaCare now, because the earliest they could fully repeal the law would be in 2017 after Obama leaves office, and once the law is implemented it will be even harder to get rid of.

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
WAIT FOR FULL REPEAL	32%	29%	35%	35%
DISMANTLE PARTS NOW	63%	66%	61%	52%
DON'T KNOW	5%	4%	4%	13%

Note: Results for question 46 are each based on 468 respondents who oppose the ACA/ObamaCare.

47. Some people say that the health care reform law is so bad that an effort to repeal it should be attached to a bill necessary to keep the government running. Do you think it is a good idea or a bad idea for opponents of the health care reform law to risk shutting down the government in an effort to get rid of the law?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
GOOD IDEA	29%	46%	29%	15%
BAD IDEA	64%	44%	66%	79%
DON'T KNOW	7%	9%	5%	5%

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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Role of Government

Now I would like to ask you a few questions about the overall role of the federal government and federal spending.

NS1. In general, do you view the federal government more often as (ROTATE: an advocate for you and your family, or an adversary to you and your family)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
ADVOCATE	36%	16%	33%	58%
ADVERSARY	51%	76%	52%	28%
DON'T KNOW/NO OPINION.....	13%	8%	14%	14%

SPLIT SAMPLE NS2A AND NS2B

NS2a. Overall, would you prefer (ROTATE: larger government with more services and higher taxes, or smaller government with fewer services and lower taxes)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
LARGER GOVERNMENT/HIGHER TAXES	24%	10%	18%	41%
SMALLER GOVERNMENT/LOWER TAXES	69%	88%	75%	51%
DON'T KNOW	7%	2%	7%	18%

NS2b. Overall, would you prefer (ROTATE: larger government with more services, or smaller government with fewer services)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
LARGER GOVERNMENT	38%	17%	33%	65%
SMALLER GOVERNMENT.....	55%	81%	59%	27%
DON'T KNOW	7%	2%	7%	8%

Note: Results for question NS2a and question NS2b are each based on 500 respondents.

NS3. How concerned are you about the federal government's current level of spending and debt: very concerned, somewhat concerned, or not too concerned?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
VERY CONCERNED	61%	85%	66%	37%
SOMEWHAT CONCERNED.....	23%	9%	22%	36%
NOT TOO CONCERNED	15%	6%	11%	25%
DON'T KNOW	1%	0%	1%	1%

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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NS4. Do you support or oppose adopting a balanced budget amendment to the U.S. Constitution?

IF SUPPORT OR OPPOSE, ASK, Would that be strongly (support/oppose), or just somewhat (support/oppose)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
STRONGLY SUPPORT	40%	60%	42%	23%
SOMEWHAT SUPPORT	24%	19%	22%	31%
SOMEWHAT OPPOSE	13%	6%	15%	17%
STRONGLY OPPOSE	14%	10%	14%	17%
DON'T KNOW	8%	5%	7%	11%
<i>COLLAPSED</i> SUPPORT	64%	79%	64%	54%
OPPOSE	27%	16%	29%	34%
DON'T KNOW	8%	5%	7%	11%

NS5. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view (ROTATE):

a) A balanced budget amendment to the U.S. Constitution is a good idea. That is the only way the federal government will restore fiscal responsibility and stop spending money we don't have.

b) A balanced budget amendment to the U.S. Constitution is a bad idea. The federal budget is not like a family budget, and the government needs flexibility to respond to economic needs and emergencies.

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
GOOD IDEA	58%	78%	57%	41%
BAD IDEA	36%	18%	36%	53%
DON'T KNOW/NO OPINION	6%	4%	6%	6%

NS6. Do you support or oppose adopting a balanced budget amendment to the U.S. Constitution, if its passage meant restricting spending on entitlements like Social Security and Medicare?

IF SUPPORT OR OPPOSE, ASK, Would that be strongly (support/oppose), or just somewhat (support/oppose)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
STRONGLY SUPPORT	23%	36%	23%	13%
SOMEWHAT SUPPORT	19%	21%	21%	16%
SOMEWHAT OPPOSE	17%	13%	18%	21%
STRONGLY OPPOSE	34%	22%	34%	44%
DON'T KNOW	7%	8%	5%	6%
<i>COLLAPSED</i> SUPPORT	42%	57%	44%	29%
OPPOSE	51%	35%	52%	65%
DON'T KNOW	7%	8%	5%	6%

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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Demographics

Now I have a few questions just for statistical purposes.

48. When thinking about politics today, do you normally consider yourself to be (ROTATE: very conservative, somewhat conservative, moderate, somewhat liberal, or very liberal)?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
VERY CONSERVATIVE.....	20%	41%	12%	11%
SOMEWHAT CONSERVATIVE.....	28%	38%	31%	16%
MODERATE	22%	12%	32%	21%
SOMEWHAT LIBERAL	17%	4%	15%	30%
VERY LIBERAL.....	8%	2%	5%	16%
DON'T KNOW/NO OPINION (DO NOT READ)	5%	3%	6%	6%

49. Would you say you strongly support, somewhat support, or do not support the goals of the Tea Party movement?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
STRONGLY SUPPORT	14%	27%	13%	5%
SOMEWHAT SUPPORT	32%	49%	35%	16%
DO NOT SUPPORT.....	41%	13%	38%	68%
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED (DO NOT READ)	13%	11%	14%	11%

50. Would you please stop me when I read the last level of education you completed?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
LESS THAN HIGH SCHOOL.....	4%	3%	3%	4%
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	16%	17%	12%	19%
SOME COLLEGE	27%	28%	28%	27%
COLLEGE GRADUATE	30%	33%	29%	31%
GRADUATE OR PROFESSIONAL SCHOOL	21%	16%	28%	17%
REFUSED (DO NOT READ)	2%	3%	2%	2%

51. Are you single, married, divorced, or widowed?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
SINGLE	23%	14%	25%	30%
MARRIED.....	59%	70%	60%	49%
DIVORCED.....	9%	8%	8%	10%
WIDOWED	6%	5%	4%	7%
REFUSED (DO NOT READ)	3%	3%	3%	3%

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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52. Are you, or is any member of your immediate family, a member of a labor union?

IF YES, ASK: Is that a public-sector union, or a private-sector union?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES/PUBLIC SECTOR	11%	11%	9%	14%
YES/PRIVATE SECTOR	6%	4%	6%	8%
NO, NOT UNION MEMBER	79%	81%	81%	74%
REFUSED.....	4%	5%	4%	4%

53. Would you please stop me when I read the correct category for your age?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
18 TO 24	6%	7%	7%	6%
25 TO 29	10%	10%	12%	10%
30 TO 34	7%	4%	10%	7%
35 TO 39	9%	10%	9%	9%
40 TO 44	11%	14%	9%	12%
45 TO 49	9%	9%	9%	9%
50 TO 54	11%	11%	11%	12%
55 TO 59	10%	11%	8%	9%
60 TO 64	10%	7%	10%	12%
65 OR OLDER	16%	19%	15%	17%
REFUSED (DO NOT READ)	0%	0%	0%	0%

54. Would you please stop me when I read the correct category for your total household income?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
\$25,000 OR LESS	14%	10%	12%	21%
\$25,000 TO \$50,000	20%	22%	20%	18%
\$50,000 TO \$75,000	17%	16%	17%	19%
\$75,000 TO \$100,000	13%	14%	12%	13%
\$100,000 TO \$150,000	12%	14%	13%	9%
\$150,000 TO \$200,000	7%	7%	6%	6%
\$200,000 OR MORE	5%	5%	5%	5%
REFUSED (DO NOT READ)	13%	12%	15%	10%

55. Are you from a Hispanic or Spanish-speaking background?

IF NO, ASK: What would you say is your main race: white, African American, Asian, or something else?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES/HISPANIC	10%	7%	7%	14%
NO/WHITE.....	72%	87%	77%	55%
NO/BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN	13%	2%	9%	27%
NO/ASIAN	2%	1%	2%	2%
NO/OTHER	3%	3%	5%	2%
REFUSED.....	0%	0%	0%	0%

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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56. Gender (from observation):

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
MALE	47%	44%	57%	40%
FEMALE	53%	56%	43%	60%

ASK IN CELL SAMPLE ONLY

57. Thinking about your telephone use, is there at least one telephone inside your home that is working and is not a cell phone?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES	51%	49%	51%	52%
NO	45%	47%	44%	44%
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED	5%	5%	5%	5%

Note: Results for question 57 are based on 314 respondents.

ASK IN LANDLINE SAMPLE ONLY

58. Thinking about your telephone use, do you have a working cell phone?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
YES	84%	85%	87%	81%
NO	14%	12%	10%	18%
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED	3%	3%	3%	1%

Note: Results for question 58 are based on 686 respondents.

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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REP results are based on 264 Republican respondents (MoE +/- 6.03 percent). IND results are based on 343 independent respondents (MoE +/- 5.29 percent). DEM results are based on 340 Democratic respondents (MoE +/- 5.31 percent).

DO NOT ASK IF Q.57 IS NO OR IF Q.58 IS NO

59. Of all the personal telephone calls that you receive, do you get all of them on cell phones, almost all of them on cell phones, some on cell and some on your regular home phone, almost all on your regular home phone, or all on your regular home phone?

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
ALL ON CELL PHONE	8%	7%	10%	8%
ALMOST ALL ON CELL PHONES	21%	19%	24%	20%
SOME ON CELL/SOME ON HOME PHONE	42%	43%	39%	42%
ALMOST ALL ON HOME PHONE	15%	16%	14%	16%
ALL ON HOME PHONE.....	9%	8%	7%	10%
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED	6%	6%	6%	5%

Note: Results for question 59 are based on 767 respondents.

PHONE USE BASED ON FULL SAMPLE:

	<i>ALL</i>	<i>REP</i>	<i>IND</i>	<i>DEM</i>
ONLY CELL	20%	21%	22%	19%
MOSTLY CELL	16%	14%	19%	15%
DUAL USE.....	32%	33%	31%	31%
MOSTLY LANDLINE.....	12%	13%	11%	12%
ONLY LANDLINE	16%	14%	13%	20%
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED	5%	5%	5%	4%

60. Finally, in what state do you live?

Those are all the questions I have. Thank you very much for sharing your opinions with us.

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 percent due to rounding.

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